No. 14,762.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 21, 1900-SIXTEEN PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

# TICKET MADE UP

# McKinley and Roosevelt the Nominees.

## CONVENTION'S WORK FINISHED

Wild Enthusiasm Over the Choice of Delegates.

ALL OPPOSITION WITHDRAWN

Both Men Nominated by Unanimous Vote of Convention.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

PHILADELPHIA June 21.-William Mc Kinley of Ohlo and Theodore Roesevelt of New York were unanimously chosen as the candidates of the republican party for the offices of President and Vice President of Delegates Full of Enthusiasm.

of the national ticket every delegate came prepared to perform that duty with enepared to perform that duty with enusinsm and every visitor to put his seal
witness upon that execution with all the
tree at his commond. It was well undertreed that this was to be the spectacular
y, when all the pent-up particism and
try enthusiasm should be let loose in
e mighty flood of veciferation.
All the preliminaries had been arranged,
platform for the party solid and submital had been constructed, and all that
mained was to place thereon standard
arrers of the party. As this was to be
the with unanimity and general acclaim it
to be made the occasion of a demonration worthy of the party and the men,
would seem that all Philadelphia wanted
be a party in the day's cyents.

#### Many Ladies Present. It was a dress occasion for the ladies

who came in automobile cabs and carriages by thousands and filled the rows of seats variegated colors. As the temperature rose

variegated colors. As the temperature rose with the growing day, these long lines became animated with waving fans making a continuous rustle through the hall like summer breezes in the pines.

The inspiring and wonderful demonstration today was contributed to in no small degree by the perfect harmony existing among all factions. Exerybody was satisfied. The demand among the rank and file of the delegatins for the nomination of Governor Rossevel, which had been resisted for a time by the leaders, was now to be granted, and like pleased children who see the object of their teasing yielded, the delegates were all smiles As for the remainder of the andience, there was nothing that pleased them better than the victory of the Rossevelt boomers. Thus everything tended to the success of the occasion and made this convention memorable among republican gatherings.

Senator Hanna and ex-Senator Quay were the next to be recognized by the audience ranks of the spectators well larded with

and greeted. Mr. Quay is said to have the ranks of the spectators well larded with his followers, as there was no note of instructing in the reception he received. In one of the interludes of the musical program of the regular band stationed in the gallery a band in the spectators station struck up "Oh, Say, Can You See," and then an immense banner was raised bearing the words, "Canton, Ohlo, the Home of McKinley," Thousands of volces joined in singing the refrain of the piece, the entire nudlence standing the while and ending the incident with a rousing cheer.

Governor Roosevelt is an odd man. The remark while applicable is probably not new. Likewise he is an exceedingly modest man and absolutely devoid of desire for netorlety. When he came into the hall to-day he tried hard to escape notice. He removed his big black slouch hat, which he had worn, and tried to slip down the aisle unobserved. But they would not have it. He was espied Immediately and up they rose from pit to guilery to give him a rough rider whoop, while he continued his precipitate flight until he dropped into his seat. But they routed him out again in short order, and for the next ten minutes he had to shake hands with the enthusiastic delegates who crowded around him.

The Immortals on Exhibition.

On the stage the distinguished guests, in-cluding some of the most prominent repulsheans in and out of official life, gathered and engaged in conversation. The delegates their section stood upon chairs and in the elsies to get a glimpse of the faces of well-known men. One land and another kept up a continuous program of patriotic music and the entire hall was in a constant to-

and the entire hall was in a constant tumult.

Notwithstanding all the noise and confusion there was no difficulty in restoring order. The immense andlence quieted down
to a solomn hush as Archbishop Ryan, in
his purple robes of office, spread our his
hands and raised his voice in invocation,
and as he pronounced the words of the
simple and majestic Lord's Prayer his voice
echoed throughout the vast auditorium.

When the business of the day was taken
up. Senator Quay withdrew his little bluff
of yesterday concerning the proposed
change in the rules of representation on
national conventions. His bluff had accomplished its purpose, that of giving Mr.
Quay an opportunity to get before the convention and receive the ovation his followers had prepared for him.

So then it came to the main question of
the day, the naming of a candidate for
President of the United States, and the boys
filled their lungs as Senator Foraker mounted the stage, ready for the great outburst
of cheering which followed the first mensimple and majestic Lord's Prayer his voice school throughout the vast auditorium. When the business of the day was taken up. Senator Quay withdrew his little hinf of yesterday concerning the proposed change in the rules of representation on national conventions. His bluff had accomplished its purpose, that of giving Mr. Quay an opportunity to get before the convention and receive the ovation his followers had prepared for him.

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Foraker's Effort an Able One.

Benator Foraker's speech was an coquent

ed the stage, ready for the great outburst of cheering which followed the first men-tion of the name of McKinley.



WILLIAM McKINLEY, Renominated for President by the Republican Convention.

William McKinley was born at Niles, Trambuil county, Ohio, January 29, 1843, A few years after his father moved his family to the village of Poland, in the "Western Reserve," which has produced so many men of eminence in national polities. When a junior he left college, owing to his father's straitened financial circumstances, and taught a district school near Poland. Obeying President Lincoin's call for volunteers, he enlisted in the 23d Ohio Infantry, which had for colonel William S. Rosecrans, for lieutenant colonel Stanley Matthews and for major Rutherford B. Hayes. Young McKinley was commissioned a second lieutenant for bravery at Antietam at the age of nineteen. He became a first lieutenant the next year and eap'ain at twenty-one. He served until the war ended and was shonorably discharged with the brevet of major for gallant services at Opequan. Cedar Creek and Fisher's Hill. He began the study of law in the office of Judge Charles E. Giliden at Poland and was admitted to the bar in 1867 and opened his office at Canton. He was drawn into politics and so acquitted himself and opened his office at Canton. He was drawn into politics and so acquitted himself. The three nominations following were given then do the term, gave it to his opponent. The three nominations following were given being of the term, gave it to his opponent. The three nominations following were given being of the term, gave it to his opponent. The three nominations following were given being of the term, gave it to his opponent. The three nominations following were given being of the term, gave it to his opponent. The three nominations following were given being of the term, gave it to his opponent. The three nominations following were given being of the next was at the democratic habiter. The three nominations following were given being doff the term, gave it to his opponent. The three nominations following were given being doff the next perseased and the democratic habiter of the mesulamition. The democratic head of the next parallel p eaptain at twenty-one. He served until the war ended and was honorably discharged with the brevet of major for gallant services at Opequan. Cedar Creek and Fisher's Hill. He began the study of law in the office of Judge Charles E. Gildden at Poland and was admitted to the bar in 1867 and opened his office at Canton. He was drawn into politics and so acquitted himself that he was nominated for prosecuting attorney. Although a democratic county, he won the election.

effort. Necessarily it covered a great deal of ground that had been gone over by previeus speakers. Temporary Chairman Wolcott, Permanent Chairman Lodge and Sena

tor Fairbanks' recital of the platform cov-

ered the achievements of the party and the record of the administration. Upon Senator Foraker then devolved the task of referring again to these and attaching the credit due to Wm. McKinley. Senator Foraker is a forceful sneaker.

He soon had the audience under the domination of his magnetic voice and great intellect, one man among 17,000, yet holding that vast number in thrall of his own personality and in bondage to his oratory. As Senator Foraker concluded, every person in the audience steed up, while for five minutes one continuous rear of applause swelled in sustained volume through the hall. Flags and fans, hats and colored tarmed alumes homers and placards were

pampa plumes, banners and placards were waved aloft.

Senator Hanna sprang to the front, and

seizing an immense plume, stood on the edge of the platform waving it with one hand and gesticulating with the other, while he shouted and laughed like a school

boy.

The delegates took the placards of their states and waved them through the air surging forward to the front of the stage where they banked in solid mass.

An Effective Picture. An effective picture was presented by

hairmen of state delegations mounting the

stage with their placards, standing or

chairs, so that all the states of the Union

ing the nominee. Foremost in the bunch

was the District of Columbia; Delegate Jones took his stand by Mr. Hanna's side and held aloft the placard of the District and was the last to lower the standard

land and was admitted to the bar in 1867 and opened his office at Canton. He was drawn into politics and so acquitted himself that he was nominated for prosecuting attorney. Although a democratic county, he won the election.

He became known in the next five years as one of the most effective platform speakers in the state. In 1876 he announced himself as a candidate for Congress. The people sent ham, and they continued sending him through seven terms; though at the

# forth, for he talked with his usual snappy vigor, and every sentence was as clear and emphatic as the crack of a whip. Gov. Mount's Speech.

Governor Mount of Indiana then came to the front. He is the executive who refused to deliver ex-Governor Bradley to the dem ocratic deputy sheriff on a requisition from ocratic deputy sheriff on a requisition from the governor of Kentucky, and as he as-cended the steps the members of the Kentucky delegation jumped to their feet and gave him a re-sounding whoop. After Governor Mount had proceeded for awhile his voice began to alower, and at the point where the great-er portion of the auditors could only see his gesticulations, but couldn't hear his speech, they began to applaud him. The his gesticulations, but couldn't hear his speech, they began to applaud him. The plucky governor was not to be drowned out, however, and stuck to his speech to the end.

Typical of the man, Governor Roosevell's

speech was brief, emphatic and incisive, and when he concluded he was successful in soon stilling the tomult of approval which his friends would have given him.

Thurston to the Front. Then to the front came Senator Thurs on, he whose eloquence has moved the lethargic Senate before now, and in many a campaign has swept an oratorical prairie fire over the piains of the west. His deep-toned voice rumbled through the hall like the roll of an organ, and it was not long before he had the audience swaying under the magic of his spellbinding, while his periods were rounded with thunders of applause.

ment to the nomination of Mr. McKinley and warmed the enthusiasm of the audience

and warmed the enthusiasm of the audience to the extent of a few more degrees above the boiling point.

Mr. Yerkes of Kentucky, who is to run for governor in the blue grass state, gave the Philadelphians a taste of Kentucky oratory, and was followed by Mr. Knight of California, the possessor of a voice of exceeding penetration, which sawed through the noises of the hall like a buzz-saw through a white pine board.

Mr. Knight departed from the statistical and statemanship lines of his predecessors and gave the audience a good old-fashioned Fourth of July western spread eagle campaign speech, which was evidently very

paign speech, which was evidently very much enjoyed by the local part of the audience, to whom that style of talk was evidently a novely. It didn't take him long to get them going, and he carried them with him to the close.

### Convention Goes Wild.

After Chairman Lodge had announced that Mr. McKinley was the nominee of the convention the assemblage gave itself up to uproarious revelry for five minutes. Down the main aisle came a man shouting at the top of his voice and carrying a magrificent slik flag. Behind him was a man incased in an elephant's skin, and the "G. O. P.," headed by the flag, paraded the

No other name than William McKinley No other name than William McKinley was presented to the convention, and the clerk commenced to call the roll of states upon Senator Foraker's nomination.

The vast audience again quieted down, and as the chairmen of the delegations announced the choice of the states their voices rang clear above the low hum of the candidates. Rapidly the call proceeded, every delegation voting for the nominee.

When Pennsylvania was reached the delegation arose and delivered their vote stand-

gation arose and delivered their vote stand-ing on their chairs.

When Hawaii was reached there was anther demonstration.

Mr. McKinley received 926 votes, the total

Mr. McKinley received 926 votes, the total vote of the convention.

To Lafe Young of Iowa fell the privilege of nominating Governor Roosevelt for the vice presidency, after withdrawing Representative Dolliver. Mr. Young talks in a deliberate manner, but the convention needed no spur to arouse its spirits, and the mere mention of Governor Roosevelt's name without oratorical fleurish was enough to win the desired result.

So Mr. Young weltered along through a sea of words, and every once in a while the convention would leave him and indulge in a few pyrotechnics of appliance on its own account.

account.

After the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt the delegates paraded around the hall to (Continued on Second Page.)

### TAKE NEEDED REST

Delegates to Convention Slept Last Night for a Change.

READY FOR WORK OF TODAY

All the Preliminaries Were Settled

Last Night

EARLY MORNING RUMORS

Special From a Staff Correspondent.

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—The third night they slept.

Though the denizens of the Quaker city had just become thoroughly aroused, and were wakeful with their music, shouting and general hubbub until far into the hours of morning, the visiting politicians slept last night. A truce was declared upon the struggle which has kept them on the alert day and night. Mr. Platt went to New York and Mr. Hanna and Mr Dick went to bed, while all those who have been watching

and Mr. Hanna and Mr. Dick went to bed, while all those who have been watching the weary hours with them followed their example. The opposing factions had fought to a standstill, and, thoroughly exhausted they retired to rest, leaving the conclusion to the convention today.

Curiously, the only activity after the conclusion of yesterday's weary detail session of the convention was on the part of Mr. Woodruff, who, fresh and loyous in his one night of glory as the acknowledged candidate of the empire delegation, shook hands with many tried and true republicans who came to pay their respects and to feast their eyes upon the man who could continue to smile while Hanna frowned, and who could find happiness in a fictitious political paradise. A long line of the interested and the curious passed between the ushers, who handed them badges bearing a portrait of the handsome licutemant governor, and policemen, who kept them in line, and received the glad hand. Aside from this, and the vagrant bands which could not get out of the habit of forever and ciernally playing "The Stars and Stripes Forever." the tumult of political contention was for a few hours at rest.

Roosevelt's Friends Conflicture.

#### Roosevelt's Friends Confident. While congratulating Woodruff on his

ominal candidacy, all the Roosevelt thuslasts were hugging themselves with the nee on the morrow.

assurance that their idol would be the nominee on the morrow.

There were those who went to bed to dream of Long salling triumphantly through the convention on the last day, and the Dolliver boomers carried to bed with them bright visions of a sudden illumination of oratorical fireworks flashing the features of their favorite on the sky.

All, appreciating that the final test was at hand, and that the limit of their efforts on the outside had been reached, were bent upon getting themselves in trim for the trial of conclusions on the floor of the convention today.

Though the politician, who is human, wearies, rumors never rest, and the air was full of them during the night. Nine men out of ten who pretend to be on the inside declared that it was a sure thing that Rooseveit would be nominated on the morrow, and predicted that when the end came there would really be no further opposition to the inevitable. The one odd man whispered mysteriously that the whole thing was settled, and that Long was the roan, or, with a still more mysterious air, declared that a combination of extraordinary character had been effected by which Dolliver was to be made the candidate. The one hundredth man—he who sees visions and things—came out of the shadows while the great political oracles siept and foretold great happenings that might be possible and undreamed-of things that might come to pass. Even the defeat of McKinley in the convention was not too visionary for his fantastic fancy.

his fantastic fancy.
Such are the signs of an approaching end. There were few of the usually well-in There were few of the usually well-in-formed men who did not retire last night in the belief that today would witness the nomination of McKinley and Roosevelt as the ticket of the republican national party. So confident were some of those who do not like Hanna that the nomination of Roose-velt would come finally without a contest in the convention that they expressed rein the convention that they expressed re-gret that they might be deprived of the op-portunity of "walloping the boss" in oper

The Unpopularity of Hanna. The unpopularity of Hanna disclosed this convention is a curious thing. Underneath it all there is a fear of him, which comes of a recognition of his forceful character and his relentless determination to accomplish that which he desires, no matter what stands in the way. Whatever dislike of him exists finds curious means of expression under cover. Yesterday the great ovation given Quay by the convention excited expressions of delight, "because it is a slap at Hanna." The proposition made by Mr. Quay to so amend the rules of the convention as to restrict the southern delegations to proportions corresponding to the votes they represent is halled with delight as "a blow struck at Hanna." Yet, though a hard fight over the amendment was inevitable, and there is no doubt of the popularity of the proposition, there was a great deal of timidity about voting for it. The private explanation, made under the breath, as to why it was blow struck at Hanna was to the



Uncle Joe and Tim Woodraff.

that it was through the great number of these southern delegates who could be con-trolled that Hanna maintained his ascen-dency over the party. J. P. M. THE CONVENTION'S UNDERCURRENT.

Speculation as to the Forces Which Put Roosevelt on Ticket. Special From a Staff Correspondent. PHILADELPHIA, June 21.-The indorse

nent of Woodruff by the New York delethe purpose of giving Mr. Hanna an opportunity to withdraw his opposition to Roose velt without it being proclaimed that he

On the face of the record it does not appear that New York had anything to do Threatened Struggle Averted. with the nomination of Roosevelt, but was pressing another candidate, while a state-



THEODORE ROOSEVELT. Nominated for Vice President by the Republican Convention.

Theodore Roosevelt was born in New York city October 27, 1838. He graduated from Harvard University in 1880, and, after a trip to Europe, began the study of law. He was elected to the New York legislature in 1881, 1883, 1884 and 1885. While the hard of the committee on cities he introduced reform legislation which made his name favorably known throughout the country. One of his measures was the act taking from the board of aldermen of the country. One of his measures was the act taking from the board of aldermen of the country. One of his measures was the act taking from the board of aldermen of the country. One of his measures was the act taking from the board of aldermen of the country. One of his measures was the act taking from the board of aldermen of the country. One of his measures was the act taking from the board of aldermen of the country. One of his measures was the act taking from the board of police ment, believing that the life to which these many of the abuses of the New York city government. In 1884 he was nominated for a many of the abuses of the New York republicants, and the proposed organization and requised to except the probability of war of police organization and requised to except the probability of war in the proposed organization and requised the proposed organization and requised to except the probability of war in the proposed organization and requised to except the probability of war in the proposed organization and requised the proposed organization and requised to except the probability of war in the proposed organization and requised to except the probability of war in the proposed organization and requised the proposed organization and requised to except the probability o

nounces the decision on Roosevelt as Hanna's own judgment, his advice being scught to extricate the party from a hope-less tangle.



attitude of opposition to the sentiment of the convention from which he found it difficult to retire without loss of prestige. With Platt gone home and the New York delegation making great display of the candidacy of Woodruff, Roosevelt was turned loose on the prairie for any one to brand who could rope him. The convention smiled behind its hand, while Hanna did the roping.

This soothed Mr. Hanna's feelings, and everybody went to the convention happy this morning. Other candidates went through the form of withdrawing.

Before the sun sets upon this last day of the convention it will be whispered into every willing ear that Roosevelt was Hanna's original choice, but that he felt it desirable to let it seem otherwise so as not to appear to be dictating to the convention. After awhile this will become current belief and the public will laugh heartily over "the way Hanna fooled Platt and Quay."

As a matter of fact neither Hanna nor Platt nor Quay has had it to decide that Roosevelt was powerless to resist, and which Hanna could not overcome by resisting.

A senator said to me today: "With all

which Hanna could not overcome by resisting.

A senator said to me today: "With all the advantages which the republican party has, through the great prosperity of the country during this administration, the two things which the party imperatively needs are money and enthusiasm. The money can be had somehow, irrespective of the nomination. The enthusiasm has been lacking. be had someone.

nation. The enthusiasm has been lacking. Roosevelt can supply the enthusiasm. With the convention it is a matter of sentiment rather than policy, but in following that sentiment the best political ends are

The announcement by Mr. Hanna in favor of Roosevelt's nomination put an end to sideration.

the threatened struggle in the convention over Mr. Quay's proposed amendment to the rules, reducing the representation from the south. With an agreement on the vice presidency this was the only question left over which there could be a controversy, the candidate of his choice having been decided on for Vice President. Mr. Quay, when the convention assembled this morn-ing, announced the withdrawal of his amendment.

amendment.

Before Mr. Hanna announced last night his decision in favor of Roosevelt's nomination he and the governor had a talk, in which it is authoritatively stated Governor Roosevelt said:

"If you and the representatives of the various state delegations decide that it is the best interest of the party, and it is the wish of a majority of the delegates, then I will sink my own personal feelings and accept.

and accept.
"I will," he is quoted as adding, "accept
the nomination only if it comes through as
representing the administration and with

"If any other party or parties try to force it on me I shall positively decline."

J. P. M.

RUSSIA'S PRIME MINISTER DEAD. Count Murayleff Expired Suddenly This Morning.
ST. PETERSBURG, June 21.—The Rus

cian minister of foreign affairs, Count Mu rayleff, died suddenly this morning. Count Muravieff had just finished his



morning cup of coffee and had ordered his lunch, when he fell in an apoplectic fit and expired in a 1ew minutes, between 9 and

### Naval Retirements. The naval board on the selection of offi-

cers for retirement under the personnel bill has recommended the retirement of he made public until the 1st proxime, in order that the matter may be held ountil the last moment for possible rec

## ALL IS UNCERTAIN

THE ROAD TO FORTUNE.

through Printer's Ink .- P.

T. Barnum.

The Road to Fortune is ?

No Definite Information Obtainable From the Far East.

### SENSATIONAL TALES FROM SHANGHAI

Murder of Emperor, Suicide of Empress and Sacking of Palace.

### MOVEMENTS OF THE POWERS

LONDON, June 21, 2:14 p.m.-There is end what is coming merely reflects the of information of a definite and trast-worthy kind. The most startling item is the rumored death of Vice Admiral Sey-

ed to the report here.

The statement that Li Hung Chang has ng. How he manages to disobey the dow

have been killed; the downger empress is represented as missing, and in some quarters it is believed she has committed suitche. All this purports to have been contained in a letter from Pekin received by a high official Chinaman at Shanghai, where it is hoped the desperate struggle between the leaders of the different mois, allegedly for possession of the vast treasures of the downger empress, will continue and prevent the sects combining against the Europeans.

### The Pekin Relief Party.

BERLIN, June 21.—A semi-official dis-patch from Tokio, dated June 21, says the Japanese consul at Shanghai confirms the reports that Vice Admiral Seymour has arreports that VLS Admiral Seymour has arrived at Pekin and that the members of the diplomatic corps are safe.

According to an official Japanese report from Chefoo, the foreign settlement at Tien Tsin was reduced to ashes June 18.

British Mission Looted. SHANGHAL June 21.—The British destroyer Whiting, at Chefoo, reports that othing has been heard from Seymour's

# force for six days. The French consul wires that the British mission at Tsang Chow has been losted and the missionaries conveyed to an unknown place by a Chinese general.

Tone of the Japanese Press. YOKOHAMA, June 21.- The reports of the murder of the foreign ministers at Pekin and of the death of Admiral Seymour, although viewed with suspicion, have created a profound sensation. The press expresses the opinion that Japan must, with or without the consent of the powers, adopt active measures. The naval and military officers are very busy. Probably the whole Hiroshoma division, under command of Gen. Fukashima, will be aftout within a few days. The Russian cruiser Rurik has airived here with the new Russian minister to Japan, and will leave for Taku today.

Proclamation to Chinese Authorities LONDON, June 21, 3:40 p.m.-The admiralty has received the following dispatch from Rear Admiral Bruce:

munication from the commander-in-chief in seven days or from Tien Tsin in five days The ailles hold the Taku forts and Tong Ku securely and they will advance to the relief of Tien Tsin when in sufficient

strength. strength.
"Troops are expected from Hong Kong tomorrow and 300 from Wei Hai Wei the following day. It is believed that fighting is constantly proceeding around Then TS'<sub>2</sub>. Our garrison there should be about 3,000

men.
"The following proclamation was agreed to this morning, to be issued forthwith:
"The admirals and senior naval officers of the allied powers in China desire to make

known to all vicerovs and authorities along the coasts and rivers and in the cities and provinces of China that they intend to use armed force only against the Boxers and people that oppose them on their march to Pekin for the rescue of their fellow coun-

trymen."

The date that the above dispatch was sent off from Taku is not given, but it is probably June 19. A Missionary View of the Boxers.

NEW YORK, June 21.-The American Bible Society has received a letter from Rev. John R. Hykes, D.D., Shanghai, May 17, who had just returned from a trip to Pekin. Dr. Hykes says: "I had a long conversation with Dr. W.

S. Ament of the American board, a native of Owosso, Mich., and a graduate of Oberof Owosso, Mich., and a graduate of Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio, who recently made a journey of some eighty miles into the territory occupied by the Boxers. Atone of their strongholds they threatened to bind Dr. Ament and his companion and to murder a Chinese they had with them, but they happly escaped without suffering any violence.

they happly escaped without suffering any violence.

"The movement was first organized with the object of driving the Germans out of Shan Tung, and it was encouraged by the central government and the governor of Shan Tung in the hope that it would succeed in accomplishing this patriotic purpose. They practiced incantations, and they were armed with the rude implements which they could obtain in country places. After committing many acts of lawlessness, including the murder of the Rev. Mr. Brooks, they gradually spread north, and are now to be found in a large part of the province of Chihli. The long-continued drought in the north has been favorable to their recruiting. It has not rained for more than nine months, and the country is dry and parched as a desert. The farmers have had nothing to do for many months, and they naturally drifted away from their homes and joined the Boxers. and joined the Boxers.

Attracted by Prospects of Loot. "The mystery attending their incantations and hypnotic performances was an irresistable attraction to the idle countrymen and the prospect of loot seemed to many the only way to escape the impending famine. Of course, the rowdy element nat-urally joined the society and there is doubtless a large number of the low fellows of the baser sort connected with it. These are ready for robbery, murder or rebellion.
"At the present time the Boxers are undoubtedly composed of rowdies, farmers and boys. They are only armed with swords, spears and bows and arrows. They have robbed heathen and Christian alike, but they are very bitter against the Christians, to whom it is generally believed that much persecution is sure to come. In one place visited by Dr. Ament there were two Christian families, each consisting of the parents and two or three grown sons. One of these families armed themselves and defied the Boxers. They presented such a bold front that they were not molested.

Terrified Into Idolatry. less a large number of the low fellows

Terrified Into Idolatry. The other family showed that they were

terrified by the threats of the Boxers, and they were compelled to pay a large sum of money and to prostrate themselves before